MADHYA PRADESH ACT

No. VII of 1955

THE MADHYA PRADESH NATIONAL PARKS ACT, 1955 the leasent of the Governor on the 31st March 5, assent first published in the lady Gamette Extraordinary on the 9th April 1955) /

An Act to provide for the consitituteion, preservation and maintenance of National Parks and for matters ancill ary thereto.

Whereas it is expedient to provide for the constitution, Preamble. preservation and maintenance of National Parks and for matters ancillary thereto:

It is hereby enacted in the Sixth Year of the Republic of India as follows:

National Parks Act, 1955. (1) This Act may be cited as the Madhya Pradesh extet and cor mencement.

(2) It extends to the whole of Madhya Pradesh.

- It shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification, appoint in this behalf.
- 2. In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the Defintions subject or context-
 - "Board" means the State Wild Life Board constituted under section 6:
 - "Forest Officer" means any person appointed as a Forest Officer under section 2 of the Indian Forest Act, 1927, and includes any person appointed under section 5 for carrying out the provisions of this Act:
 - "National Park" means a National Park constituted under this Act:
 - (4) "Prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act:
 - (5) "Trap" includes any contrivance or device by means of which any animal can be captured or killed:
 - (6) "Weapon" includes any firearm or ammunition therefor bow, arrow, spear or any other instrument capable of being used in such a manner that any animal can be killed or injuree thereby :
 - (7) "lild life" means-
 - (a) All undomesticated vertebrate animals including mammals:
 - (b) birde. (c) fish

 - reptiles and
 - floras
 - (8) Any expression used but not herein defined shall have the same meaning as assigned to it in the Indian Forest Act. 1927

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stitution of 3. (1) The areas defined in the Schedule are hereby tional Parks constituted National Parks for the propagation and preservation therein of Wildlife or order objects of floral, faunal, spenic or scientific interest.

2) The State Government may, by notification, add to the Schedule any reserved forest area not being an area Tying within one mile of any village recognised or declared as such under the Revenue Law and thereupon any area so added shall be deemed to be constituted a National Fark under this Act.

(3) A notification issued under sub section (2) shall define the boundaries of the National Park as so constituted.

Saving 4. of rights in Natio nal parks.

No. right within a National Park which has been admitted and recorded by a Forest Settlement Officer under the Indian Forest Act, 1927, or which has been granted XVI of before the commencement of this Act shall be altered 1927 or interfered with except with the consent of the right holder or grantee affected thereby.

Control of National Parks & functions ar duties contr cling authori ties.

5. (1) Subject to the control of the State Government the Chief Conservator of Forests shall be the authority to control, manage and maintain any National Park constituted under this Act, and for the purpose within such National Park.

(a) may construct such roads, bridges, buildings, fences and such other works therein as may be condidered necessary for the purposes of such

Park; and

(b) Shall take such measures as may be necessary to preserve the wild life and acenic beauty of such Park and other objects af educational and scientifc importance therein and for the purpose of promoting their enjoyment by the public.

(2) The Chief Conservator of Forests may appoint any person for the purpose of carrying out the objects of this Act as he may consider necessary.

6. (1) The State Government may, by notifidation. Constitute a Board to be called the "State Wild Life Board" consisting of the following members:

Constitution of state Wild life Board.

Official Members.

1) Minister in charge of the Forest Department

2) Chief Conservator of Forests, Madhya Pradesh.

3) Conservator of Forests, Central Circle, Madhaya Prodest.
4) Inspector-Ceneral of Police, Madhya Pradesh.

5) Sub-Area Commandant, Jabalpur.

Non-Difficial Members (1).
Five members to be nominated by the State Government.

(2) The Minister in charge of the Forest Department shall be the Chairman of the Board and the Conservator of Forests, Central Circle, Mandhya Pradesh, shall act as Secret rythereof.

- (1) A non-official member shall hold office for a Term of of three years from the date of his appointmentoffice but shall be eligible for reappointment. of non-
- (2) A non-official member may, at any time, resign his office by submitting his resignation to the State Government. No such resignation and fill ing of vacancy.
- (3) In the event of any vacancy in the office of of a non-offical member by reason of death, resi gnation or otherwise such vacancy, shall be filled in by nomination of a non-official by the State Government.
- (4) The non-official members shall be entitled to redeive such allowances as may be prescribed.
- 8. (1) The Board shall meet at least twice a year. Procedure
 - (2) The Board may frame regulations for the conduct of its business.
- It shall be the duty of the Board to advise the Duties State Government.
 - (a) in the selection of areas to be constituted Board. National Parks;
 - (b) in formulating the policy for administration and management of National Parks.
 - (c) in formulating the policy in respect of wild life preservation vis-avis agriculture;
 - (d) in the matter of selection of areas for protection of certain species of wild life, reintroduction of extinct species and stricter conservation of diminishing species;
 - (e) in the matter of establishment and management of zoological gardens and parks;
 - (f) in the matter of framing rules under section 15: (g) in any other matter connected with the purposes of the Act which may be referred to it by the State Government for advice.
- 10. No. person other than an officer in the execution of of his duties shall enter or reside in a National Park, except in accordance with the rules madeNational by the State Government in this behalf. park to be regulated by
- No. person, other than an officer in the Probibition of certain
 - (a) convey into a National Park or be in acts in possession therein of any explosive, trapNational or any weapon except whith the written Park. permission of the Chief Conservator of Forests or any Forest Officer authorised by him to grant such permission.

(b) Kill, injure or capture or disturb any wild life or their nests, dens, habitats in a National Park except with the written permission of the Chief Conservator of Forests for purpose of thex Chief Conservator scientific study or protection of human life and property:

Provided that any dangerous animal may be killed or injured in defence of humn life.

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- (c) Cause damage wilfully or negligently by fir e or otherwise to a National Park or any object therein-
- (d) introduce any animal or permit wilfully any domestic animal to enter into a National Park except with the written permission of the Chief Conservator of Forests or any Forest Officer authorised by him in this behalf;
- (e) remove from a National Park any wild life whether alive or dead or any part of wild life except with the written permission of the Chief Conservator of Forests or any Forest Officer authorised by him in this behalf.

12. (1) Whoever does any act in contravention of any of the provisions of this Act or of any rules made there under, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with a fine which may extend rupees or with both.

(2) Any wild life or part thereof or any other object of a National Park or part thereof in respect of which an offence has been committed under this Act and any weapon or trap used in committing any such offence shall be liable to confiscation. Such confiscation may be in additio to any other punishment prescribed for such offence.

13. (1) Any Forest Officer or Police Officer may, without

15. (1) Any Forest Officer or Police Officer may, without a warrant, search within a National Park any person, place building, tent, sheds, vehicle or receptacle reasonably suspected to contain anything liable to confiscation under sub-section(2) of section 12 and may seize and retain any such thing wherever found.

- (2) (a) Any Forest Officer or Police Officer may, without orders from a Magistrate or without a warrant, arrest any person reasonably suspected of committing an offence under this Act, and suspected of giving his or her name and residence which there is reason to believe to be false, or if there is reason to believe that the person will abscond.
- (b) Every officer making an arrest under this. section shall with in 24 hours excluding the time spent in journey produce the person arrested before a Magistrate having jurisdiction in the case.
- (3) The provisions in sections 64 to 68 of the XVIoI Indian Forest Act. 1927, shall apply in respect of an 1927 offence punishable under section 12 as they apply to a forest offence punishable under the Indian Forest, 1927.

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Powers to search and arrest without warrant. No. suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding for shall lie transity fax against any person for actshange in which is in good faith done orintended to be good faith. done under this Act.

- 15. (1) The State Government may make rules for Power to the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions make rules of this Act.
- (2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may be made for all or any of the following matters, namely.
 - (a) the conditions subject to which any person may enter or reside in a National Park and the period during which such Park or any portion thereof shall be open to the public.
 - (b) purposes for which a National Park may be used.
 - (c) the regulation of traffic and carriage of passengers in a National Park.
 - (d) the fees, if any, to be paid for entry into or residing in and for any other purpose connected with the use of a Unitarial Park of the Theorem
 - (e) the powers and duties of officers and employees of Forest Department in regard to maintenance and management of a National Park.
 - (f) the preservation, control and management of National Park.
 - (g) the protection of the flora and fauna of a N.Park.
 (h) the protection from defacement by writing or otherwis of any tree, bridge, rock, fence seat, road and other signs or any other objects in a National Park.
 - protection of wildlife, the disposal of noxious, predatory or super abundant animals and the taking of animals for scientific and propagating purposes;
 - (1) prevention of any unauthorised exhibition, fixing erection or retaining of any advertisement, board, hoarding or structure in a National Park and removal of such advertisement, board, hoarding or structure:
 - (k) the power to compound offences:
 - (1) the delegation of his powers by the Chief Conservator of Forests:
 - (m) allowances of non-official members of the Board.
- (3) All rules made under this Act shall, as soon as may be laid on the table of the Legislative Assembly and shall be subject to such modifications as the Legislative assembly may make therein.
- 16. Nothing in this Act shall affect or limit the operation of saving. the provisions of the Indian Forest Act, 1927 in respect of any area constituted a National Park under this Act.

SCHEDULE.

("excription of boundaries of the National Parks referred to in section 3)

(See section 3(1)).... Kandan National Park - Area 97.7 square miles.

North: A forty feet wide internal fire line, starting from Khatia village eastern boundary line going north-east through the village boundary of Sonph forest village boundary thence running east forming the southern boundary of Silpura forest village. Kisli Bhilwani forest village and Bhimpuri Ryotwari village.

A forty feet wide external boundary line of block No. 15 excluding the village landing the village lands of Jhapul forest village (Block No. 13) and of Mancharpur thence the district boundary line between Mandla and Balaghat districts.

A continuation of the district boundary line between Mandla and Balaghat districts.

A continuation of the district boundary line between Mandla and Balaghat districts thence the 40 feet eastern boundary line of Indri forest village, then the Changer nala for a distance of 54 chains and the external fire line forming the eastern boundary of Khatia village.

Taroba National Park- Area 45 square miles

Common Hange boundary between Monarli and Warora Range, abadis of villages Bamagaon and Satara.

Cart track running from Khatora forest village to village Tekdi Mothajhira any the abadi of village Tekdi Mothajhira.

South: The fire line running from Khatora forest village to pillar No. 31 of village Chichghat (Khatoraghat Chowki) abadi of village Chichght, Khutwada Tukum and Ghosri.

West: Abadi of villages Bhanuskhandi Tukum, Sonegaon Tukum, Ashta and Wadala Tukum.

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